### **Comp 125 - Visual Information Processing**

Spring Semester 2019 - Week I - Monday

Dr Nick Hayward

### course details

#### Lecturer

- Name: Dr Nick Hayward
- Office: Doyle 307 (LSC)
- Office hours
- Monday afternoon by appointment (LSC)
- Faculty Page

### TA

- Name: Julia Adamski
- Email: jadamski@luc.edu

# Important dates for this semester

- Class schedule = Monday, Wednesday, & Friday @ 12.35pm to 1.25pm
  - Martin Luther King, Jr. holiday 21st January 2019
  - **n.b.** no formal class: 21st January 2019
  - Spring Break: Monday 4th to Saturday 9th March 2019
  - **n.b.** no formal class: 4th, 6th, & 8th March 2019
  - Easter holiday: Thursday 18th April to 22nd April 2019
  - **n.b.** no formal class: Friday 19th April & Monday 22nd April 2019
  - Final class: Friday 26th April 2019
  - presentation & demo: Wednesday 24th & Friday 26th April 2019 @ 12.35pm
  - Exam week: Monday 29th April to Saturday 4th May 2019
  - Final assessment due on Friday 3rd May 2019 by 1.25pm

## Course will include

- weekly bibliography and reading (where applicable)
- weekly notes, examples, extras...

# Coursework will include

- quizzes or exercises at the end of each section (Total = 70%)
  - course quizzes
  - exercises to test course knowledge, help develop understanding of course material...
  - code and application reviews
  - class discussions using Slack
  - various other assessments...
- demo and report of final assessment (Total = 30%)
  - demo during final week of semester
  - Wednesday 24th & Friday 26th April 2019 @ 12.35pm
  - report due Friday 3rd May 2019 @ 1.25pm

## n.b. no final exam

### Initial overview

- develop an app concept and prototype
- working app (as close as possible...)
- must use technologies outlined during the course
- show and explain code used to develop the app
- explain design decisions
- describe patterns used in design of app
- layout choices...
- show and explain implemented differences during app development
  - where and why did you update the app?
  - perceived benefits of the updates?
  - ...

- introduction to programming and Computer Science
  - general concepts
  - methodologies
  - *patterns*
- introduction to web-based graphical design
- getting started with application design and development
  - builds on web-based technologies

#### Website

- course website is available at http://csteach125.github.io
  - timetable
  - course overview
  - course blog
  - assignments & coursework
  - bibliography
  - links & resources
  - notes & material

#### GitHub

- course repositories available at http://github.com/csteach125/
- weekly notes, examples, and source code (where applicable)

#### Slack

- Slack group available at https://csteach125.slack.com
- course updates, information on weekly assignments, general news, discussions...

# **n.b.** no Sakai

- JavaScript (JS)
- ES6 (ECMAScript 2015)
- HTML5
- CSS
- JS-based visualisation libraries
- various datastores
- local and online examples

### intro

- web design allows us to design and develop online resources and publications for users
  - both static and interactive
- restrict publication to content
  - text, images, video, audio...
- develop and publish interactive resources and applications
- client-side scripting allows us to offer
- interactive content within our webpages and web apps
- using JavaScript
- interaction is enabled via code that is downloaded and compiled, in effect, by the browser
- such interaction might include
- a simple mouse rollover or similar touch event
- user moving mouse over a menu
- simple but effective way of interacting

## Client-side

- scripts and processes are run on the user's machine, normally via a browser
- source code and app is transferred to the user's machine for processing
- code is run directly in the browser
- predominant languages include HTML, CSS, and JavaScript (JS)
- HTML = HyperText Markup Language
- CSS = Cascading Style Sheets
- many compilers and transpilers now available to ease this development
  e.g. Go to JavaScript...
- reacts to user input
- code is often visible to the user (source can be read in developer mode etc...)
- in general, cannot store data beyond a page refresh
- HTML5 and local web APIs are changing this...
- in general, cannot read files directly from a server
- HTTP requests required
- single page apps create rendered page for the user

## Server-side

- code is run on a server
- languages such as PHP, Ruby, Python, Java, C#...
- in effect, any code that can run and respond to HTTP requests can also run a server
- enables storage of persistent data
- data such as user accounts, preferences...
- code is not directly visible to the user
- responds to HTTP requests for a given URL
- can render the view for the user on the server side

and so on...